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VOLTAGE REGULATING DEVICE FOR CHARGINGCHARGE PUMP

This application claims the benefit of Taiwan application Serial No. 92114628, filed May 29, 2003.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 Field of the Invention

[0001] The invention relates in general to a voltage regulating device, and more particularly to a voltage regulating device for chargingcharge pump.

Description of the Related Art

[0002] ChargingCharge pumps can be used to increase voltage. Take the writeable flash memory for example: ordinary reading only requires a low voltage, e.g., 3V, whereas writing requires a high voltage, e.g. 12V. While ordinary integrated circuit chips (IC chips) normally have only a power supply of small voltage, e.g. 3V, a chargingcharge pump can herein be used to increase the direct current (DC) voltage if a larger-than-3V operating voltage, e.g. 12 V, is needed.

[0003] Conventional ehargingcharge pumps have a number of varieties such as two-phase ehargingcharge pump, four-phase ehargingcharge pump, etc. Herein a two-phase ehargingcharge pump is illustrated for elaboration. Please refer to FIG. 1, a schematic circuit diagram for a conventional two-phase ehargingcharge pump. Two-phase ehargingcharge pump 100 includes

diodes D1, D2, D3, and D4, capacitors C1, C2, and C3. For the convenience of elaboration, diodes D1, D2, D3, and D4 are assumed to be ideal diodes with zero turn-on voltage. The positive electrode of diode D1 is coupled to DC power supply Vdd while the negative electrode of diode D1 is coupled to node N1 together with the positive electrode of diode D2 and one terminal of capacitor C1, wherein the other terminal of capacitor C1 receives clock signal CLK. The negative electrode of diode D2 is coupled to node N2 together with the positive electrode of diode D3 and one terminal of capacitor C2, wherein the other terminal of capacitor C2 receives inverse clock signal CLK', inverse of clock signal CLK. The negative electrode of diode D3 is coupled to node N3 together with the positive electrode of diode D4 and one terminal of capacitor C3, wherein the other terminal of capacitor C3 receives clock signal CLK. The negative electrode of diode D4 and one terminal of capacitor C3, wherein the other terminal of capacitor C3 receives clock signal CLK. The negative electrode voltage of diode D4 is exactly the ehargingcharge pump output voltage Vo.

[0004] FIG. 2A is a schematic voltage diagram for the nodes of a <u>chargingcharge</u> pump. The voltage for DC power supply Vdd is 3V; the high level and low level voltages for clock signal CLK are 3V and 0V respectively; the initial voltage for node N1 is 3V. When the voltage of clock signal CLK changes to high level, the cross voltage of capacitor C1 still remains at 3V causing V(N1), the voltage of node N1, to be raised to 6V. Similarly, V(N2), the voltage of node N2, is raised to 9V while V(N3), the voltage of node N3, is raised to 12V. Consequently, output voltage Vo is raised to 12V.

[0005] FIG. 2B is a schematic output voltage diagram for a conventional <u>chargingcharge</u> pump. While the <u>chargingcharge</u> pump raises the voltage step by step, output voltage Vo will eventually be raised to 12V. Due to the discharge effect of capacitor C3, however, output voltage

Vo starts to drop slightly when the clock signal CLK coupled to capacitor C3 is at low level, but starts to rise up slightly when clock signal CLK is at high level. In worst cases, output voltage Vo will swing for ± 1 V and result in an undesired ripple-like wave form of the output voltage.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] It is therefore an object of the invention to provide a voltage regulating device for <u>chargingcharge</u> pump.

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[0007] According to the object of the invention, a voltage regulating device for ehargingcharge pump is provided. The ehargingcharge pump outputs an output voltage according to the operation of clock signals. The voltage regulating device includes a number of voltage regulating capacitors whose one terminal is coupled to the output terminal of the ehargingcharge pump while the other terminal receives inverse clock signals.

[0008] Other objects, features, and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of the preferred but non-limiting embodiments. The following description is made with reference to the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] FIG. 1 is a schematic circuit diagram for a conventional two-phase ehargingcharge pump;

- [0010] FIG. 2A is a schematic voltage diagram for the nodes of a chargingcharge pump;
- [0011] FIG. 2B is a schematic output voltage diagram for a conventional charging charge pump;
- [0012] FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram for a voltage regulating device for <u>chargingcharge</u> pump according to a preferred embodiment of the invention;
- [0013] FIG. 4 shows the wave form of ehargingcharge pump output voltage obtained according to a voltage regulating device of the invention; and

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[0014] FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram illustrating the application of the voltage regulating device according to the invention in a four-phase <u>chargingcharge</u> pump.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- [0015] The <u>chargingcharge</u> pump uses the capacitor to raise the DC (direct current) voltage and inevitably results in a slightly rippled wave form of the output voltage. The spirit of the invention lies in coupling a voltage regulating wave form, which is opposite to the ripple of output voltage Vo, to the output terminal of the <u>chargingcharge</u> pump such that the wave form of output voltage Vo goes smoothly and that the quality of power supply can be enhanced.
- [0016] FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram for a voltage regulating device for chargingcharge pump according to a preferred embodiment of the invention. In the embodiment, the chargingcharge pump is illustrated using two-phase chargingcharge pump 100. The voltage regulating device is

coupled to two-phase ehargingcharge pump 100 wherein ehargingcharge pump 100 raises the level of input voltage Vdd to the level of output voltage Vo according to clock signal CLK. The voltage regulating device includes voltage regulating capacitors Cs whose one terminal is coupled to the output terminal of ehargingcharge pump 100 while the other terminal receives inverse clock signal CLK', inverse of clock signal CLK.

[0017] First of all, the operating principles for ehargingcharge pump 100 are discussed below. The initial voltage for node N1 is 3V. When the voltage of clock signal CLK changes to high level, the cross voltage of capacitor C1 still remains at 3V causing V(N1), the voltage of node N1, to be raised to 6V. Similarly, V(N2), the voltage of node N2, is raised to 9V while V(N3), the voltage of node N3, is raised to 12V. Consequently, output voltage Vo is raised to 12V. However, as illustrated in FIG. 2B, when clock signal CLK is at low level, output voltage Vo drops slightly due to the discharge effect of capacitor C3 resulting in an undesired wave form of the output voltage. Particularly when the voltage of clock signal is raised to high level, output voltage Vo will have an abrupt increase leading to an unstable output of voltage.

[0018] According to the received inverse clock signal CLK', the voltage regulating capacitor in the invention couples a voltage regulating wave to the output terminal of the https://enarge.nump. Since the inverse clock signals received by voltage regulating capacitors Cs are the inverse signals of the last scaled clock signals of the ehargingcharge pump, capacitors Cs can provide appropriate bias in case that the output voltage Vo is insufficient to provide enough bias. When output voltage Vo starts to drop down, the voltage regulating wave couples a positive voltage to output voltage Vo and the output voltage Vo falls smoothly; when output voltage Vo

starts to rise up, the voltage regulating wave couples a negative voltage to output voltage Vo and the output voltage Vo rises smoothly. In doing so, the wave form of output voltage Vo becomes more regulated.

[0019] FIG. 4 shows the wave form of ehargingcharge pump output voltage obtained according to a voltage regulating device of the invention. Troughs in dotted lines are wave form before voltage regulating and are sharper than those in solid lines which are wave form after voltage regulating. This comparison shows that the invention does help to regulate the output voltage.

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[0020] The voltage regulating capacitors Cs of the invention are appropriately selected capacitors whose capacitance is relatively small compared to the capacitance which the output terminal of the ehargingcharge pump embodies. Amplitude of inverse clock signal CLK' received by voltage regulating capacitors Cs will be smaller and become more regulated without affecting the value of output voltage Vo, because the voltage of inverse clock signal CLK' has already been divided by voltage regulating capacitors Cs and the loading capacitor.

[0021] FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram illustrating the application of the voltage regulating device according to the invention in a four-phase ehargingcharge pump. Since four-phase ehargingcharge pump operates according to four sets of clock signals, namely, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, and CLK3, four sets of voltage regulating devices are needed. These voltage regulating devices include voltage regulating capacitors Cs0, Cs1, Cs2, and Cs3 which receive inverse clock signals CLK0', CLK1', CLK2', and CLK3' respectively, to supplement the insufficient bias of output voltage according to the above mentioned principles and produce a more regulated wave

form of output voltage accordingly.

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[0022] The voltage regulating device disclosed in the above embodiment of the invention has the advantage of regulating the output voltage of the ehargingcharge pump.

[0023] While the invention has been described by way of example and in terms of a preferred embodiment, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited thereto. On the contrary, it is intended to cover various modifications and similar arrangements and procedures, and the scope of the appended claims therefore should be accorded the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and similar arrangements and procedures.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A voltage regulating device for ehargingcharge pump is disclosed. The ehargingcharge pump outputs an output voltage according to the operation of clock signals. The voltage regulating device includes a number of voltage regulating capacitors whose one terminal is coupled to the output terminal of the ehargingcharge pump while the other terminal receives inverse clock signals.

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